12-8 Joint and Combined Variation

Objective: To solve problems involving joint variation and combined variation.

Vocabulary

Joint variation When a variable varies directly as the product of two or more other variables. You can express the relationship in the forms

$$z = kxy$$
, where k is a nonzero constant,

and

$$\frac{z_1}{x_1y_1} = \frac{z_2}{x_2y_2}.$$

You say that z varies jointly as x and y.

Combined variation When a variable varies directly as one variable and inversely as another. You can express the relationship in the forms

$$zy = kx$$
 (or $z = \frac{kx}{y}$), where k is a nonzero constant,

and

$$\frac{z_1 y_1}{x_1} = \frac{z_2 y_2}{x_2}.$$

You say that z varies directly as x and inversely as y.

Example 1 The volume of a right circular cone varies jointly as the height, h, and the square of the radius, r. If $V_1 = 1848\pi$, $h_1 = 9$, $r_1 = 14$, $h_2 = 12$, and $r_2 = 7$, find V_2 .

Solution

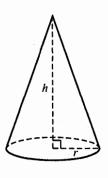
$$\frac{V_1}{h_1 r_1^2} = \frac{V_2}{h_2 r_2^2}$$
 Use the form for joint variation.

$$\frac{1848\pi}{9(14)^2} = \frac{V_2}{12(7)^2}$$
 Substitute the given values.

$$9(196)V_2 = 12(49)(1848\pi)$$
 Solve for V_2 .

$$1764V_2 = 1,086,624\pi$$

$$V_2 = 616\pi$$



Solve. Give roots to the nearest tenth. You may wish to use a calculator.

- 1. d varies jointly as r and t. If d = 75 when r = 30 and t = 10, find d when r = 18 and t = 6.
- 2. m varies jointly as v and the square of u. If m = 60 when v = 25 and u = 12, find u when m = 9 and v = 15.
- 3. The volume of a pyramid varies jointly as the height and the area of the base. A pyramid 21 cm high has a base area of 25 cm² and a volume of 175 cm³. What is the volume if the height is 15 cm and the area of the base is 36 cm²?

12-8 Joint and Combined Variation (continued)

Example 2 The power, P, of an electric current varies directly as the square of the voltage, V, and inversely as the resistance, R. If 6 volts applied across a resistance of 3 ohms produces 12 watts of power, how much voltage applied across a resistance of 6 ohms will produce 24 watts of power?

Solution

$$\frac{r_1 R_1}{V_1^2} = \frac{r_2 R_2}{V_2^2}$$
Use the form for combined variation.
$$\frac{12(3)}{6^2} = \frac{24(6)}{V_2^2}$$
Let $P_1 = 12$, $V_1 = 6$, $R_1 = 3$, $P_2 = 24$, and $R_2 = 6$.
$$36V_2^2 = 36(24)(6)$$
Solve for V_2 .

$$V_2^2 = 144$$
 Discard the negative root since a negative voltage has no meaning.

12 volts will produce the required power.

Solve. Give roots to the nearest tenth. You may wish to use a calculator.

- **4.** c varies directly as a and inversely as b. If c = 16 when a = 96 and b = 16, find c when a = 60 and b = 8.
- 5. c varies inversely as the square of h and directly as n. If c = 1 when h = 12 and n = 25, find h when c = 4.84 and n = 4.
- **6.** w varies directly as u and inversely as v^2 . If w = 8 when u = 2 and v = 3, find u when v = 2 and w = 27.
- 7. If Q varies directly as the square of t and inversely as the cube of r, and Q = 108 when t = 12 and r = 2, find Q when t = 15 and r = 3.
- 8. The power, P, of an electric current varies directly as the square of the voltage, V, and inversely as the resistance, R. If 6 volts applied across a resistance of 3 ohms produces 12 watts of power, how much power will 12 volts applied across a resistance of 9 ohms produce?
- 9. The volume of a cone varies jointly as its height and the square of its radius. A certain cone has a volume of 154π cm³, a height of 3 cm, and a radius of 7 cm. Find the radius of another cone that has a height of 7 cm and a volume of 264π cm³.
- 10. The distance a car travels from rest varies jointly as its acceleration and the square of the time of motion. A car travels 500 m from rest in 5 s at an acceleration of 40 m/s². How many seconds will it take the car to travel 150 m at an acceleration of 3 m/s²?

Mixed Review Exercises

Solve each system.

1.
$$2x - y = -1$$

 $x - y = -2$

2.
$$x + y = 6$$

 $x - 2y = 12$

$$3. 2x - 5y = 2 -x + 5y = 4$$

4.
$$3x + 2y = 3$$

 $x + 2y = 9$